# How to Form a Church (Nonprofit Corp.) Wisconsin

#### 1. Choose the Legal Name of Your Organization

- The name must contain one of the following:
  - a) Corporation/Corp
  - b) Incorporated/Inc
  - c) Company/Co
  - d) Limited/Ltd
- Make sure the name is available and meets state requirements here
  - a) You may reserve a name for 120 days by filing here
  - b) Must file by postal mail
  - c) Non-refundable fee of \$10
  - d) Fee must be submitted with application to reserve name
  - e) Fee must be paid by personal check, cashier's check, or money order
- The legal name you pick does not have to be the actual name of the church
  - a) It is used for the articles of incorporation
  - b) Once the organization is established you can file for a DBA if you choose
    - i) How to obtain a DBA in Wisconsin
      - 1)A DBA(doing business as) is used when the name a company operates under is different from its legal name
      - 2) File **here** online to register your trade name
- If you have any questions, the Department of Financial Institutions direct number is 608-261-7577

#### 2. Choose Directors, Officers, and Incorporators

- Directors are the governing body and determine the success of the company
  - a) Minimum of three directors
  - b) Directors serve a one-year term
  - c) Qualifications: Individual. No residency or membership requirement.
  - d) Quorum: majority
- The incorporator is the person who signs the Articles of Incorporation
  - a) You need at least one, but can have more than one
- Wisconsin Officer Requirements
  - a) Must have a President, Secretary, and a Treasurer (unless defined otherwise)
  - b) Two or more officers may be held by the same individual

### Wisconsin

### 3. Requirements to be a Registered Agent

- · Must be registered agent in the state of Wisconsin
- Must have a physical street address in Wisconsin (not a PO box)
- · Must agree to accept legal papers if the corporation is sued
- Small nonprofit corporations typically name a director or officer to serve as an agent
- The agent must consent to the appointment
- · You can also hire a Registered Agent Service

#### 4. File Articles of Incorporation

- File through the department of financial institutions
- It is important to customize the article to meet both State and IRS requirements
  - a) Use this page from the IRS to help with filing
- File **online** or by **mail** for \$35 (payment can be made via credit card)
- 4-7 business day turnaround
- Must include:
  - a) Your nonprofit's corporate name
  - b) A statement that the corporation is incorporated under Wisc. Stats. Ch. 181
  - c) The name and street address of the corporation's registered agent
  - d) The street address of its initial principal office
  - e) Whether or not the corporation will have members
  - f) Whether the corporation is authorized to make certain distributions
  - g) The effective date of the articles, if later than the filing date
  - h) The name and address of each incorporator
- Understand that you will need confirmation from the WDFI in order to be registered as a corporation in Wisconsin

### 5. Obtain Your Employer Identification Number (EIN)

- This is a nine-digit number assigned by the IRS to identify your nonprofit.
- · Your EIN is used for:
  - a) Opening a bank account
  - b) Applying for 501(c)(3) status
  - c) Submitting 990 returns to the IRS
- You can file online for free or by mail for \$35

### Wisconsin

### 6. Establish Initial Governing Documents and Policies

- · Bylaws consist of:
  - a) Governing documents
  - b) Serve as an internal operating manual
  - c) Should be consistent with your Articles of incorporation
  - d) Usually cover:
    - i) Name and location of the organization
    - ii) Purpose
    - iii) Election, roles, and terms of directors and officers
    - iv) Membership
    - v) Compensation and indemnification of directors
    - vi) Amendment of bylaws
    - vii) Dissolution
- Conflict of Interest Policy
  - a) Personal interest should be set aside and organizational interest prioritized
- Your application to the IRS for 501(c)(3) exemption will require that both the bylaws and the conflict of interest policy are approved and adopted
- If you need help or ideas, use **this website** for templates or look online for an attorney in your area to make the process less difficult

### 7. Create Minutes for First Board Meeting

- The first board meeting should take actions as:
  - a) Approving the bylaws A M F R I C A N M I S S I O N S
  - b) Appointing officers
  - c) Setting an accounting period and tax year
  - d) Approving initial transactions of the corporation
- You can consult an attorney or use one of the many templates available online such as this one for your initial minutes

#### 8. Get State Tax ID Number

- This is an identification number used by the Department of Revenue in the administration of tax laws
  - a) This number also allows a retailer to enroll or obtain a Resale Certificate, Sales
     Tax Permit or Seller's Permit (all refer to the same thing) which allows for
     tax-exempt status
- File your Online Tax ID Form
- File a Mail Tax ID Form
- The fee is \$20 and you can expect a 15-day turnaround
- Must be renewed after 2 years for a fee of \$10

### Wisconsin

#### 9. Apply for a 501(c)(3)

- Completing the federal application for tax exemption is easier/recommended with professional assistance. It is estimated to take over 100 hours to complete the application. The fee for form 1023 is \$600.
  - a) Register for an account here
  - b) Complete the IRS Form 1023 online **here** (scroll to bottom of page)

### 10. Apply for State Tax Exemptions

- Once you have your IRS Determination Letter, your organization is exempt from Wisconsin corporation franchise and income taxes. No application or notification is required.
  - a) You can still file to obtain Sales and Use Tax Exemption
  - b)File through mail here for free

To claim the exemption if you are a qualifying organization, print out and give your seller a fully completed Wisconsin Sales and Use Tax Certificate (Form S-211) with the "Other purchases exempt by law" box checked stating that your organization qualifies for exemption under sec. 77.54(9a)(f), Wis. Stats.

### 11. Register for Charitable Solicitation

- To apply to be charitable solicitation complete this application (Form 296), fee of \$15
- Note the list of 17 attachments that first-time registrants must attach to the application
- · The President and CFO must sign. Signatures must be notarized

#### Required Attachments:

- IRS form 990
  - a) Since your business is tax-exempt, your yearly activities may be subject to more scrutiny by the IRS. Form 990 allows an organization to completely disclose all of its activities every year.
  - b) The IRS uses Form 990 to make sure tax-exempt organizations are in compliance with nonprofit requirements
- Audited financials (if applicable)
- · Articles of incorporation
- Bylaws
- IRS determination letter (or IRS form 1023 if exemption is pending)
- · List of officers and directors
- Professional fundraising contracts

### Wisconsin

### 11. Register for Charitable Solicitation

Required Attachments (CONT.)

- A certificate of good standing from the organization's home state
- Certificate of incorporation
- List of other states where registered to solicit

Registration Renewal

- Filing Method: Online
- Fee: \$54
- Due: Annually by July 31. An organization that files an initial registration on or after June 1 does not need to renew their registration until the following calendar year.
- The renewal period closes September 30. After this date, you must file a new initial registration.
- · You may not file for an extension of the due date.
- A CPA audit is required for large nonprofits.

**Charitable Organization Annual Financial Report** 

There are three possible forms to choose from and they all should be submitted by mail:

**Form 1943**- A charitable organization must submit this form if it received \$25,000 or less in contributions during its most recently completed fiscal year or received less than \$50,000 in contributions during its most recently completed fiscal year and only solicited contributions in the county where its principal office is located

**Form 1952**- A charitable organization should submit this form if it files an IRS 990, 990-EZ, or 990PF and doesn't qualify for Form #1943

Form 308- A charitable organization must submit this form if it does not qualify for Form #1943 or Form #1952

### Wisconsin

### **Ongoing Compliance**

- 1. File Annual Report
  - Every Wisconsin corporation must file an annual report with the Department of Financial Institutions
  - Due at the end of the calendar quarter of the anniversary month of the corporation's formation
  - The Department will send a notice to your corporation's registered agent with instructions on how to complete the online filing
  - Non-stock Corporation & Limited Liability Company Annual Report

#### Checklist

Articles of Incorporation
Employee ID Number
Tax ID Number
501(c)(3) (Form 1023)
Form S211 (state tax exemption)
Form 296 (charitable solicitation)
Form 990 (required with Form 296)
Non-stock & LLC Annual Report

It is Important to make sure you choose the correct Charitable Organization Annual Financial Report to file.

1943 1952 308

(if you are unsure read the qualifications for each report here)

#### **Helpful Links**

- How to Form a Wisconsin Nonprofit Corporation
- How to Start a Nonprofit in Wisconsin
- The Ultimate Guide to Starting a 501(c)(3)
- How to Start a Nonprofit in the USA 501(c)(3) [Step by Step]
- Wisconsin Department of Financial Institutions
- Find a Small Business Development Center near you
- Form1023.org